

Unit 6

Day 3

Complex Fractions

$$\textcircled{32} \frac{4/x-3}{(x+5)(x-5)} \cdot \frac{x^2-16}{(x-4)(x+4)} + \frac{2x^2+1}{(x+5)(x-4)(x-5)(x+4)} \cdot \frac{x^2-x-20}{x^2-x-20} + \frac{-5x^2}{(x+4)(x-4)(x-5)(x+5)}$$

$$\frac{4x^3-3x^2-64x+48}{(x+5)(x-5)(x-4)(x+4)} + \frac{2x^4-2x^3-39x^2-x-20}{(x+5)(x-5)(x-4)(x+4)} + \frac{-5x^4+25x^2}{(x+5)(x-5)(x-4)(x+4)}$$

$$\text{LCD } (x-5)(x+5)(x-4)(x+4)$$

Def: Complex rational expression- is a rational expression that contains another rational expression in the numerator and/or the denominator

1)

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{3}}{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot \frac{6}{6} = \frac{3+4}{2} = \frac{7}{2}$$

2)

$$\frac{2 - \frac{3}{x}}{1 + \frac{1}{2x}} \cdot \frac{2x}{2x} = \frac{4x - 6}{2x + 1}$$

3)

$$\frac{3 + \frac{1}{y-1}}{1 + \frac{2}{y+1}} \cdot \frac{(y+1)(y-1)}{(y+1)(y-1)} = \frac{3(y^2-1) + 1(y+1)}{(y+1)(y-1) + 2(y-1)}$$

$$= \frac{3y^2 - 3 + y + 1}{y^2 - 1 + 2y - 2} = \frac{3y^2 + y - 2}{y^2 + 2y - 3} = \frac{(3y-2)(y+1)}{(y-1)(y+3)}$$

4)

$$\frac{\frac{5}{x^2+5x+6} - \frac{2}{x+3}}{\frac{x-1}{x^2-9}} = \frac{\frac{5}{(x+3)(x+2)} + \frac{-2}{(x+3)} \cdot \frac{(x+3)(x+2)(x-3)}{(x+3)(x+2)(x-3)}}{\frac{x-1}{(x-3)(x+3)}}$$

$$\frac{5(x-3) + -2(x+2)(x-3)}{(x-1)(x+2)} = \frac{5x-15 + -2x^2+2x+12}{x^2+x-2}$$

$$= \frac{-2x^2+7x-3}{x^2+x-2}$$

5)

$$\frac{a^{-1}b + b^{-1}}{(ab)^{-1}} = \frac{\frac{b}{a} + \frac{1}{b}}{\frac{1}{ab}}$$

HOMEWORK:

P. 62: 77-82 (ALL)

WORKSHEET: 2-36 (EVEN)